

# Material survey

Main application area	Frequency range	Specific application	Material	B max (mT)	Available core shapes
Broadband transformers, Line Filter, ISDN transformers, Digital data transformers (xDSL), Current-compensated interference, Suppression Chokes	0.1~1.0MHz	Line Filter, Current-compensated chokes	HM2A	430	Toroid, ESQ, USQ, UU, EE
			HM3A	430	
		Pulse transformers Line Filter impedance matching transformers	HM5A	410	Toroid, UU, EER, RM, EE
			HM6A	400	
		BM30	525		
Power Transformers for LCD, LED Transformers for DC/DC Converter, Transformers for General puprose	up to 200kHz	High voltage transformers, Power conversion Low loss	PM7	480	E, EER, ETD, UTV, EFD, EQ, Toroid, EP, RM, UU,
			PM12	520	
			PM15	530	
			PM16	530	
			BM20	560	
High frequency power conversion, General purpose transformer	up to 400kHz	Transformers for forward and push - pul converters	FM4	490	EFD, EPC, EER, RM low profile, Planar
	0.5~2.0 MHz	Transformers for DC-DC converters, particularly resonance converters	FM10	526	

## Material grade table

### \* High Permeability Material

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Condition	HM2A	HM3A	HM5A	HM6A
Initial permeability	$\mu_i$	—	25°C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	5500 $\pm 25\%$	7000 $\pm 25\%$	10000 $\pm 30\%$	12000 $\pm 30\%$
Flux density near saturation	$B_s$	mT	$H=1200(\text{A/m})$ , 25°C, $f=10\text{kHz}$	430	430	410	400
Corecive field strengthen	$H_c$	A/m	25°C, $f=10\text{kHz}$	6	6	3	3
Remanence	$B_{rms}$	mT	$H=1200(\text{A/m})$ , 25°C, $f=10\text{kHz}$	65	85	80	90
Curie temperature	$T_c$	°C	—	>140	>135	>125	>120
Relative loss factor	$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	$10^{-6}$	$f=10\text{kHz}$	<5	<3	<6	<13
Relative temperature factor	$\alpha_F$	$10^{-6} / ^\circ\text{C}$	20°C ~ 60°C	0.2 ~0.7	-0.1 ~0.0	-0.15 ~1.0	-0.01~ -0.02
Specific resistivity	$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot \text{m}$	—	1	0.5	0.13	0.1
Density	d	$\text{kg}/\text{m}^3$	—	4900	4900	4900	5000
material properties page							

Value measured on 30-20-8 mm non ground reference toroid which are not subjected to external stress.

For special shape or application, please refer to individual core specification.

Products generally comply with the material specification. However, deviations may due to shape, size and grinding operations etc.

Due to technical enhancement, data subject to change without notice.

## Material grade table

### \* Power Material

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Condition	PM7	PM12	PM15	PM16
Initial permeability	$\mu_i$	-	25 °C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	2400 $\pm$ 25%	3200 $\pm$ 25%	2500 $\pm$ 25%	3400 $\pm$ 25%
Flux density near saturation	$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25 °C, f=10kHz	480	520	530	530
			H=1200(A/m), 100 °C, f=10kHz	390	420	420	420
Coercive field strength	$H_c$	A/m	25 °C, f=10kHz	13	14	12	6 (1kHz)
			100 °C, f=10kHz	10	10	10	14 (1kHz)
Remanence	$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25 °C, f=10kHz	140	140	140	83 (1kHz)
Curie temperature	$T_c$	°C	-	>210	>210	> 240	> 230
Cutoff frequency	$f_c$	MHz	25 °C	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.7
Power loss	$P_L$	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	100kHz / 200mT, 25 °C	700	315	550	305
			100kHz / 200mT, 80 °C	-	290	-	250
			100kHz / 200mT, 100 °C	410	-	250	-
			100kHz / 200mT, 110 °C	-	-	-	-
Specific resistivity	$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot \text{m}$	-	7	7	7	7
Density	d	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4800	4900	4900	4900
material properties page							

Value measured on 30-20-8 mm non ground reference toroid which are not subjected to external stress.

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## Material grade table

### \* High Frequency Power Material

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Condition	FM4	FM10
Initial permeability	$\mu_i$	-	25 °C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	2000 $\pm$ 25%	1300 $\pm$ 25%
Flux density near saturation	$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25 °C, f=10kHz	490	525
			H=1200(A/m), 100 °C, f=10kHz	370	430
Coercive field strength	$H_c$	A/m	25 °C, f=10kHz	15	12
			100 °C, f=10kHz		
Curie temperature	$T_c$	°C	-	>210	>290
Cutoff frequency	$f_c$	MHz	25 °C	2.0	3.0
Power loss	$P_L$	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	400kHz / 50mT, 25 °C	140	-
			400kHz / 50mT, 100 °C	110	
			500kHz / 50mT, 25 °C	-	-
			500kHz / 50mT, 100 °C	-	-
			1MHz / 50mT, 25 °C	-	331
			1MHz / 50mT, 100 °C	-	152
Specific resistivity	$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot \text{m}$	-	7	12
Density	d	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4570	4800
material properties page					

Value measured on 30-20-8 mm non ground reference toroid which are not subjected to external stress.

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## Material grade table

### \* High B Material

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Condition	BM30	BM20
Initial permeability	$\mu_i$	—	25 °C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	3500 $\pm 25\%$	2000 $\pm 25\%$
Flux density near saturation	$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25 °C, f=10kHz	525	560
			H=1200(A/m), 100 °C, f=10kHz	420	470
Corecive field strengthen	$H_c$	A/m	25 °C, f=10kHz	12	16
			100 °C, f=10kHz	10	10
Remanence	$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25 °C, f=10kHz	100	120
Curie temperature	$T_c$	°C	—	> 240	> 310
Power loss	$P_L$	$\text{mW}/\text{cm}^3$	100kHz/200mT , 25 °C	410	680
			100kHz/200mT , 100 °C	850	380
Specific resistivity	$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot \text{m}$	—	8	7
Density	d	$\text{kg}/\text{m}^3$	—	4850	4900
material properties page					

Value measured on 30-20-8 mm non ground reference toroid which are not subjected to external stress.

For special shape or application, please refer to individual core specification.

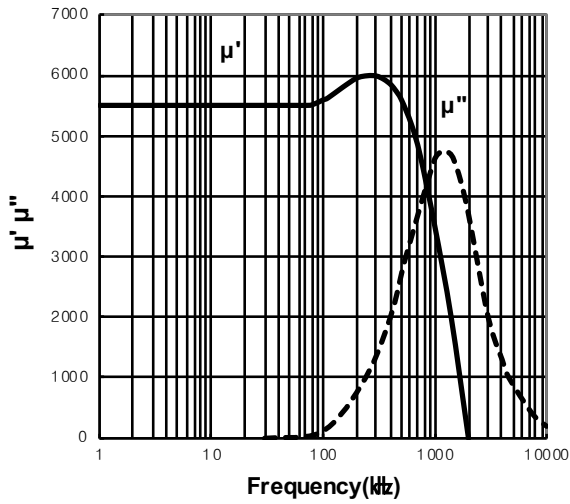
Products generally comply with the material specification. However, deviations may due to shape, size and grinding operations etc.

Due to technical enhancement, data subject to change without notice.

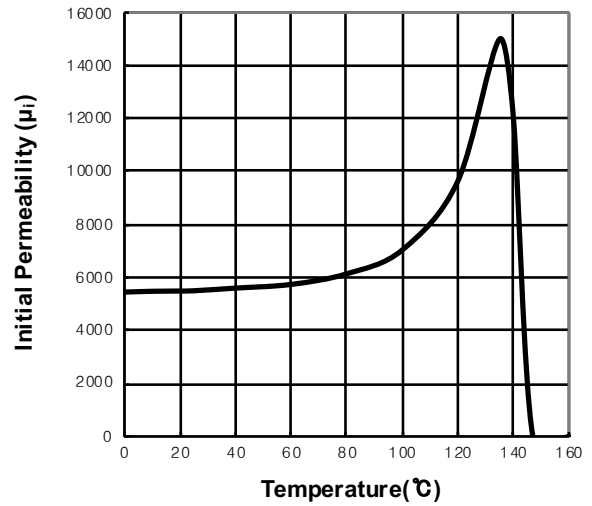
## Material Property

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25°C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	5500±25%
$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	430
$H_c$	A/m	25°C, f=10kHz	6
$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	65
$T_c$	°C	-	>140
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	$10^{-6}$	f=10kHz	<5
$\alpha_F$	$10^{-6}/^\circ\text{C}$	20°C ~ 60°C	0.2~0.7
$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot \text{m}$	-	1
d	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4900

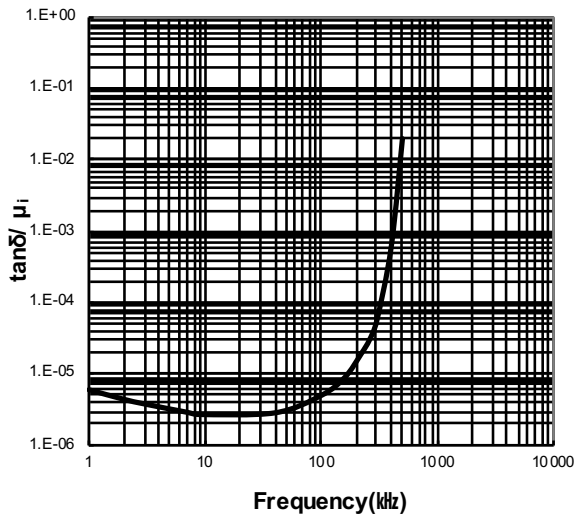
PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY



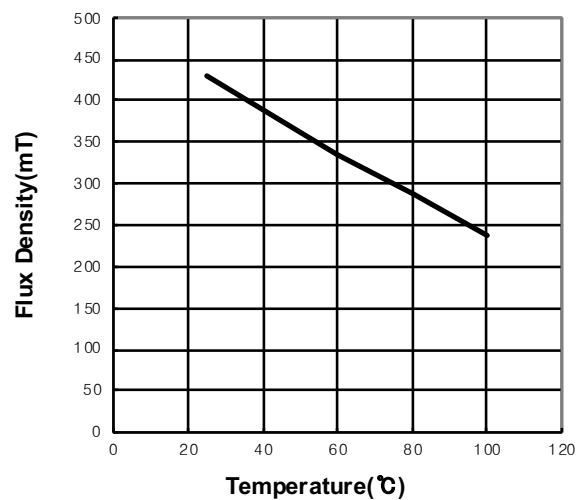
PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE



RELATIVE LOSS FACTOR( $\tan\delta/\mu_i$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY



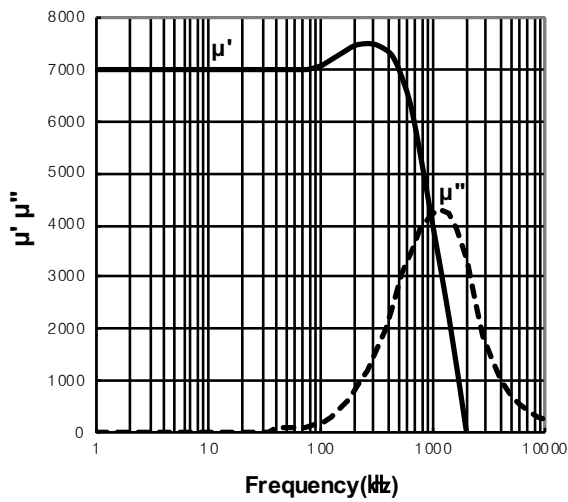
FLUX DENSITY( $B_s$ ) at 1200 A/m  
vs. TEMPERATURE



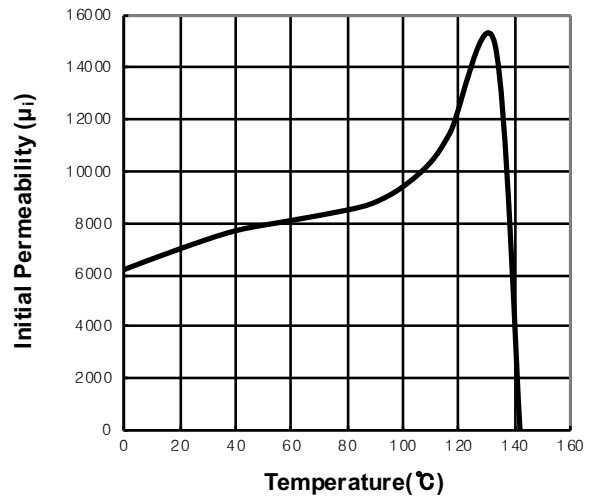
## Material Property

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25 °C, $\leq 10$ kHz, $\leq 1$ mT	7000 $\pm$ 25%
$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25 °C, f=10kHz	430
$H_c$	A/m	25 °C, f=10kHz	6
$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25 °C, f=10kHz	85
$T_c$	°C	-	>135
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	$10^{-6}$	f=10kHz	<3
$\alpha_F$	$10^{-6} / ^\circ\text{C}$	20 °C ~ 60 °C	-0.1 ~ 0.0
$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot \text{m}$	-	0.5
d	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4900

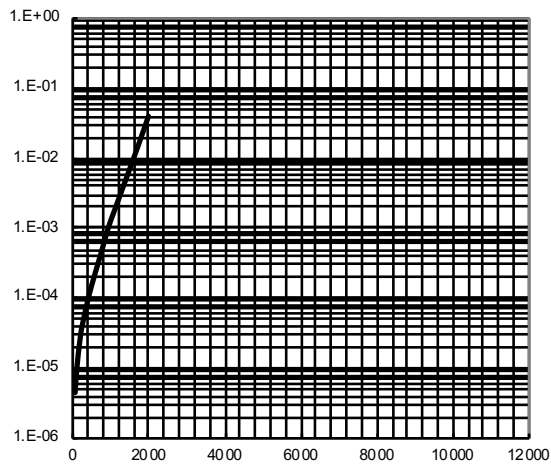
PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY



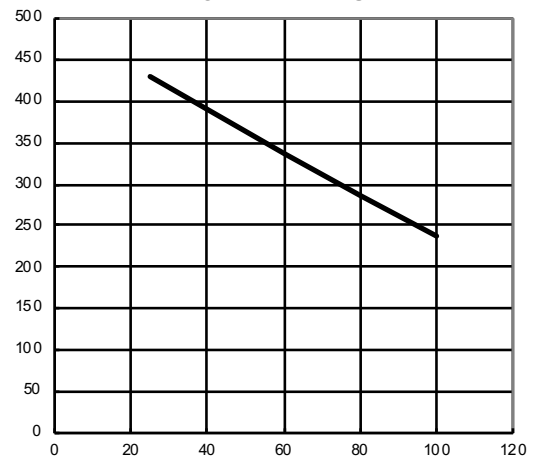
PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE



RELATIVE LOSS FACTOR( $\tan\delta/\mu_i$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY



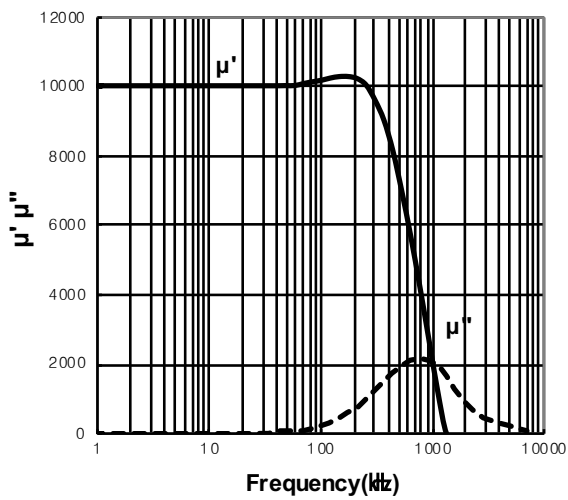
FLUX DENSITY( $B_s$ ) at 1200 A/m  
vs. TEMPERATURE



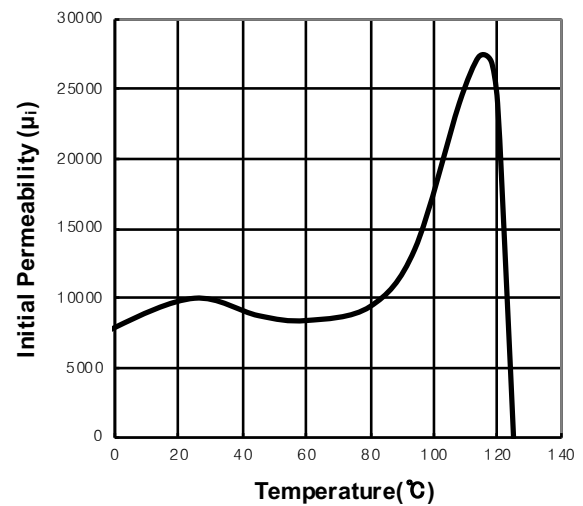
## Material Property

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25°C, $\leq 10$ kHz, $\leq 1$ mT	10000 $\pm$ 30%
$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	410
$H_c$	A/m	25°C, f=10kHz	3
$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	80
$T_c$	°C	-	>125
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	$10^{-6}$	f=10kHz	<6.0
$\alpha_F$	$10^{-6}/^\circ\text{C}$	20°C ~ 60°C	-0.15 ~ 1.0
$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot \text{m}$	-	0.13
d	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4900

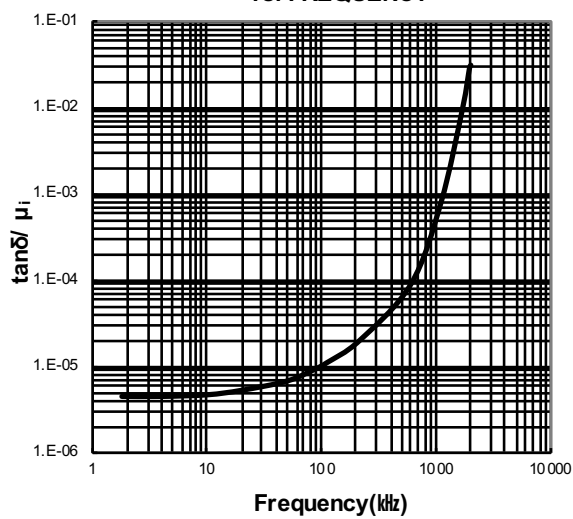
PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY



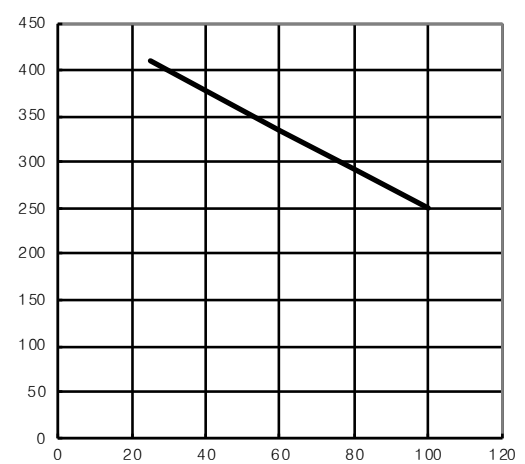
PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE



RELATIVE LOSS FACTOR( $\tan\delta/\mu_i$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY



FLUX DENSITY( $B_s$ ) at 1200 A/m  
vs. TEMPERATURE

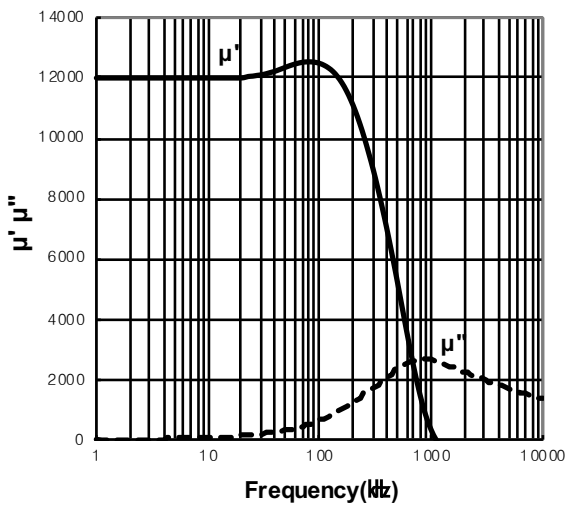




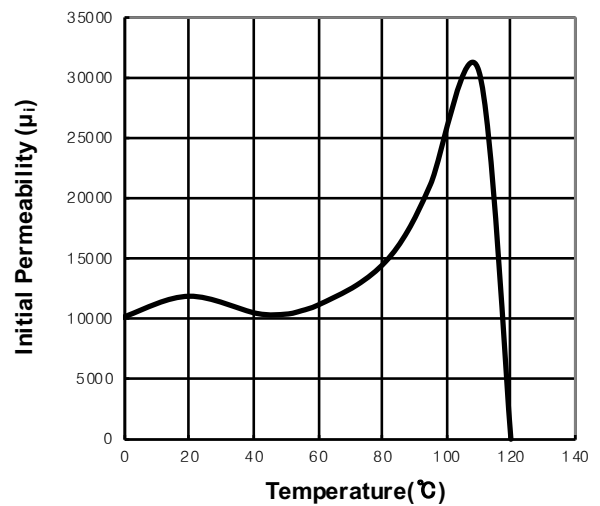
## ◆ Material Property

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25°C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	12000 $\pm$ 30%
$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	400
$H_c$	A/m	25°C, f=10kHz	3
$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	90
$T_c$	°C	-	>120
$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	$10^{-6}$	f=10kHz	< 13
$\alpha_F$	$10^{-6}/^\circ\text{C}$	20°C ~ 60°C	-0.01~-0.02
$\rho$	$\Omega\cdot\text{m}$	-	0.1
d	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	5000

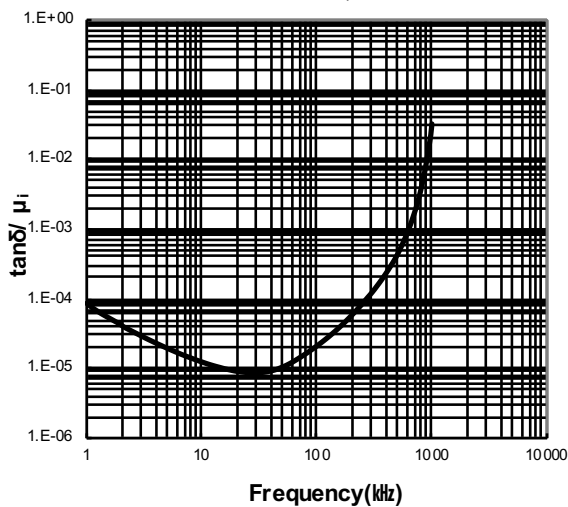
PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY



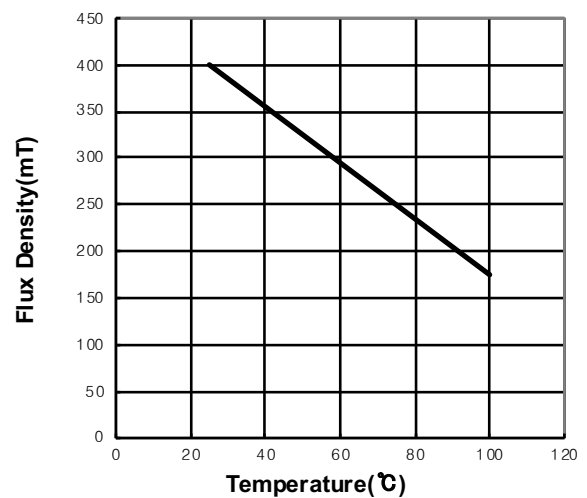
PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE



RELATIVE LOSS FACTOR( $\tan\delta/\mu_i$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY



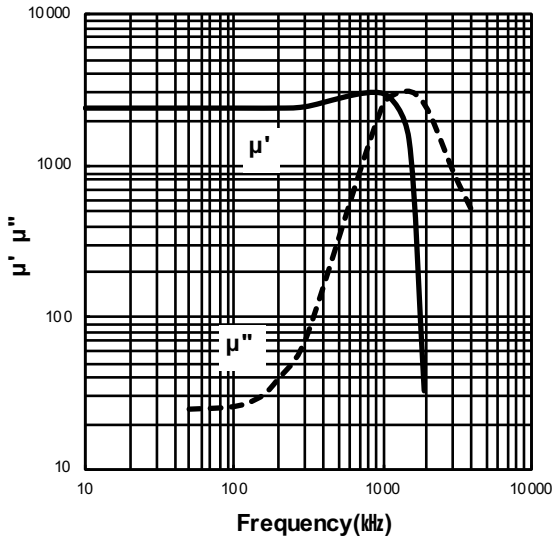
FLUX DENSITY( $B_s$ ) at 1200 A/m  
vs. TEMPERATURE



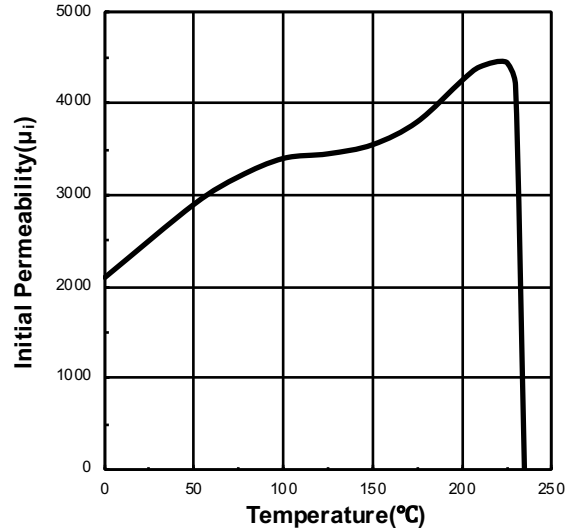
## ◆ Material Property

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25°C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	2400±25%
$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	480
		H=1200(A/m), 100°C, f=10kHz	390
$H_c$	A/m	25°C, f=10kHz	13
		100°C, f=10kHz	10
$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	140
$T_c$	°C	-	>210
$f_c$	MHz	25°C	1.5
$P_L$	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	100kHz / 200mT, 25°C	700
		100kHz / 200mT, 100°C	410
$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot \text{m}$	-	7
d	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4800

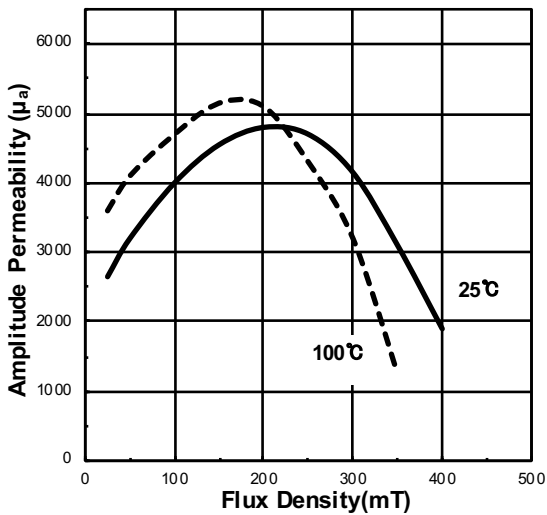
PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY



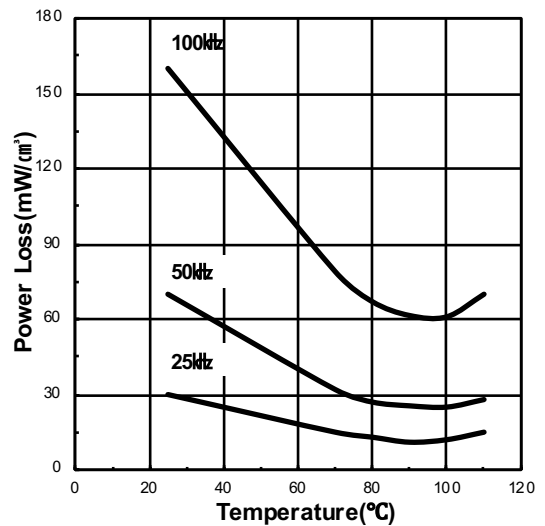
PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE



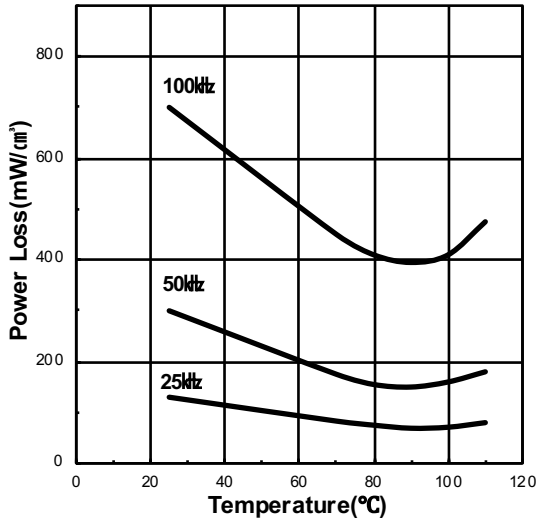
PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_a$ )  
vs. FLUX DENSITY(B)



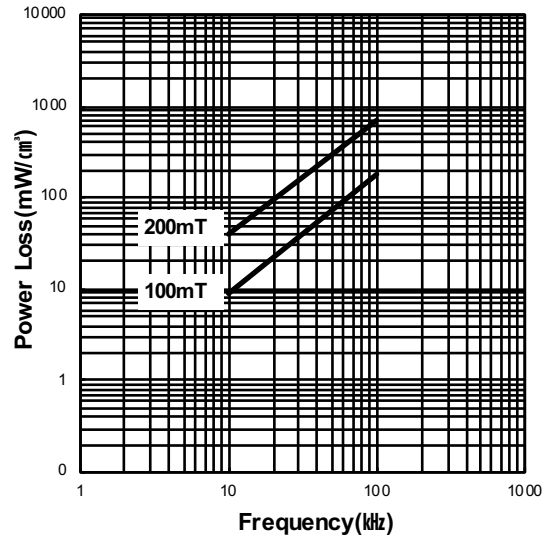
POWER LOSS ( $P_L$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE at 100mT



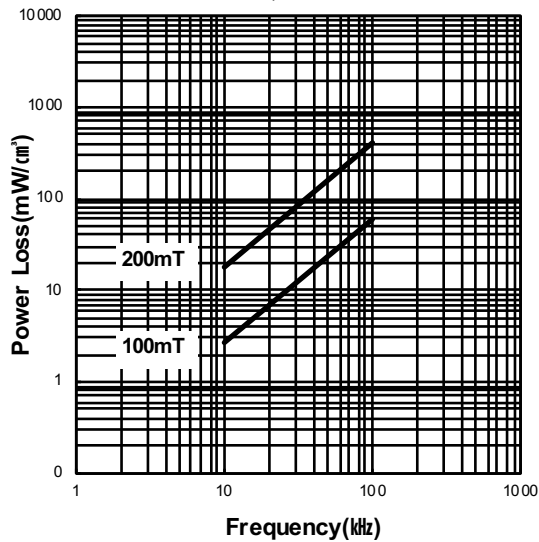
**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ ) vs. TEMPERATURE at 200mT**



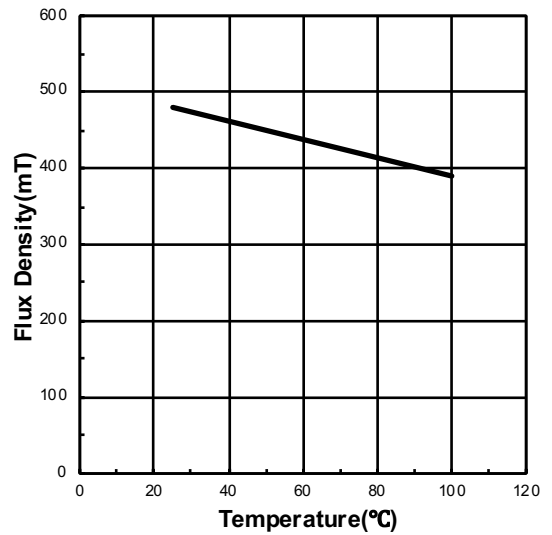
**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ ) vs. FREQUENCY at 25°C**



**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ ) vs. FREQUENCY at 100°C**



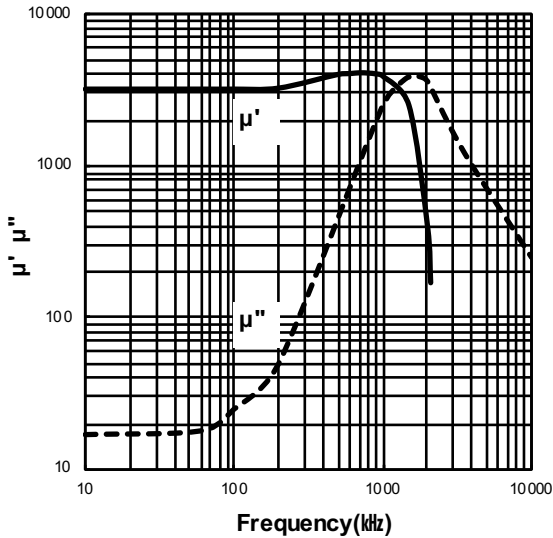
**FLUX DENSITY(B) vs. TEMPERATURE**



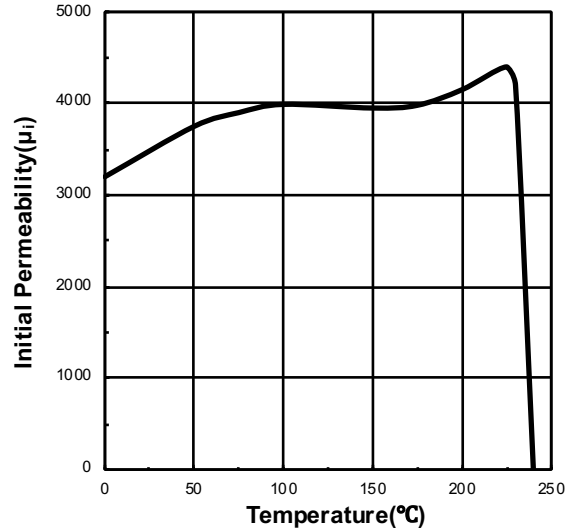
## ◆ Material Property

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25°C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	3200±25%
$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	520
		H=1200(A/m), 100°C, f=10kHz	420
$H_c$	A/m	25°C, f=10kHz	14
		100°C, f=10kHz	10
$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	140
$T_c$	°C	-	>210
$f_c$	MHz	25°C	1.5
$P_L$	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	100kHz / 200mT, 25°C	315
		100kHz / 200mT, 100°C	290
$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot m$	-	7
d	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4900

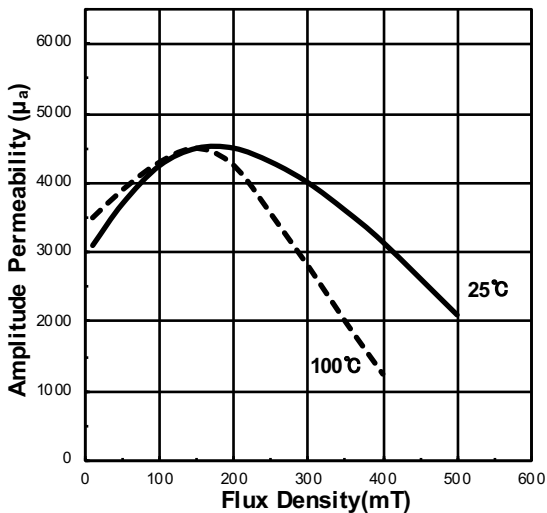
PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY



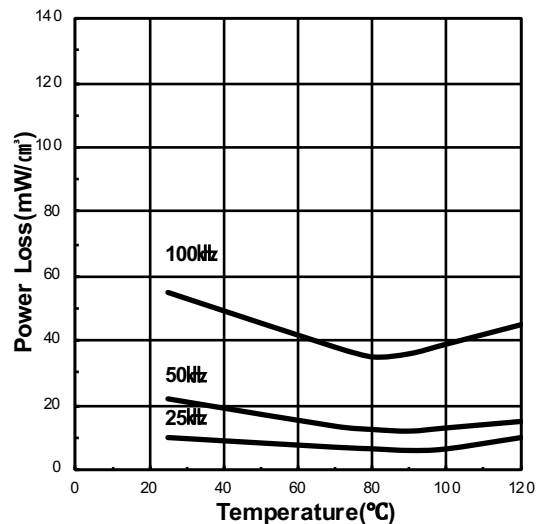
PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE

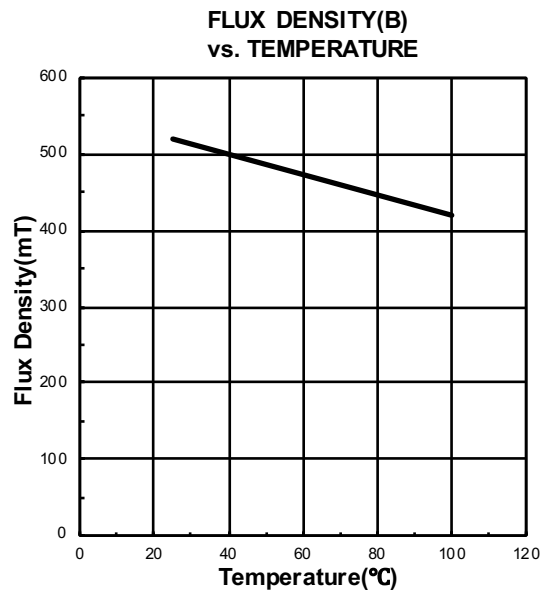
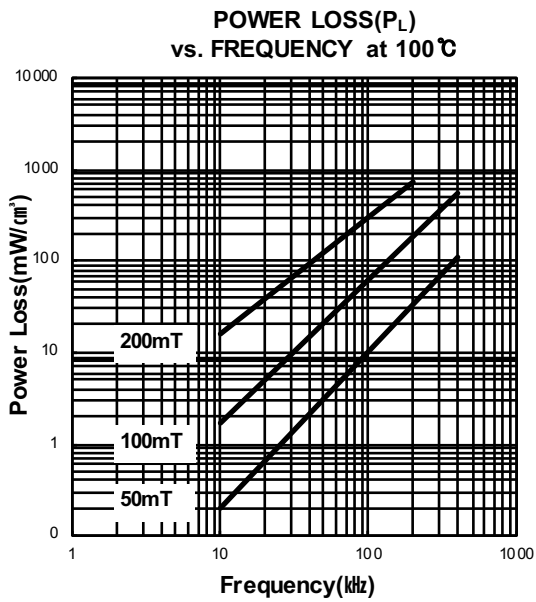
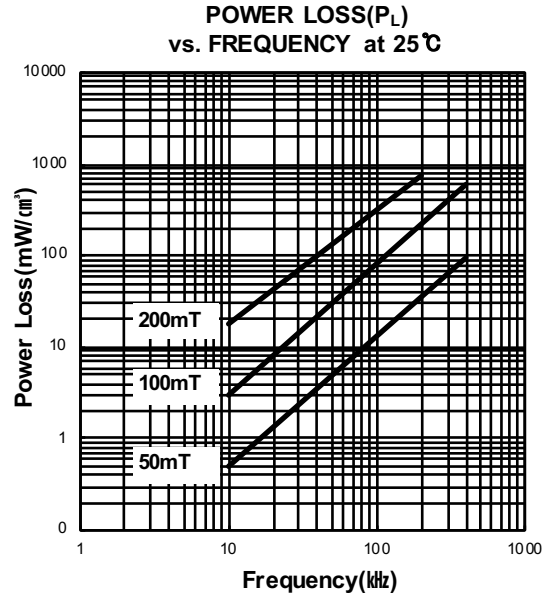
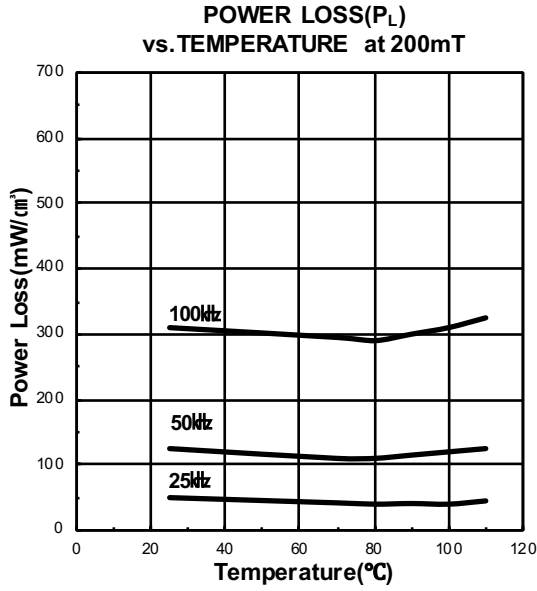


PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_a$ )  
vs. FLUX DENSITY(B)



POWER LOSS( $P_L$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE at 100mT

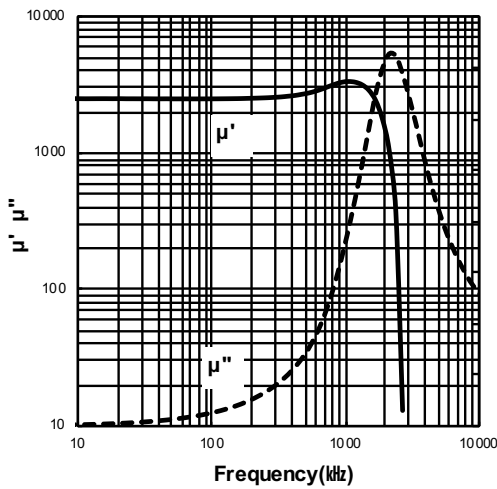




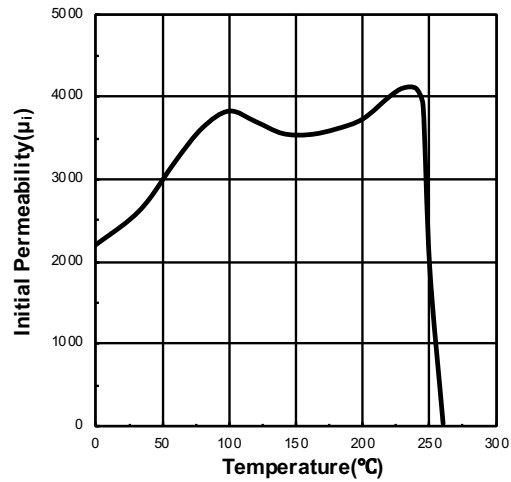
◆ Material Property

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25 °C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	2500 $\pm$ 25%
$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25 °C, f=10kHz	530
		H=1200(A/m), 100 °C, f=10kHz	420
$H_c$	A/m	25 °C, f=10kHz	12
		100 °C, f=10kHz	10
$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25 °C, f=10kHz	140
$T_c$	°C	-	> 240
$f_c$	MHz	25 °C	1.8
$P_L$	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	100kHz / 200mT, 25 °C	550
		100kHz / 200mT, 100 °C	250
$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot m$	-	7
$d$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4900

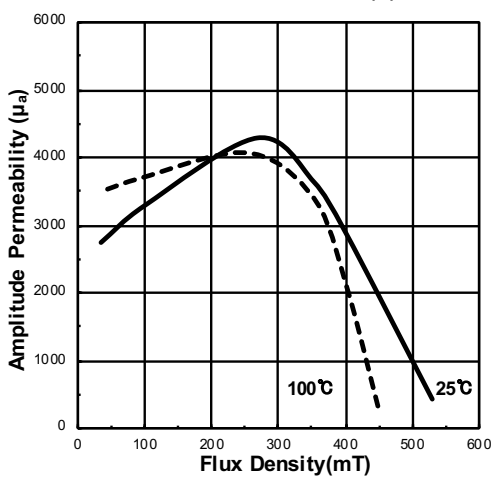
PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_i$ ) vs. FREQUENCY



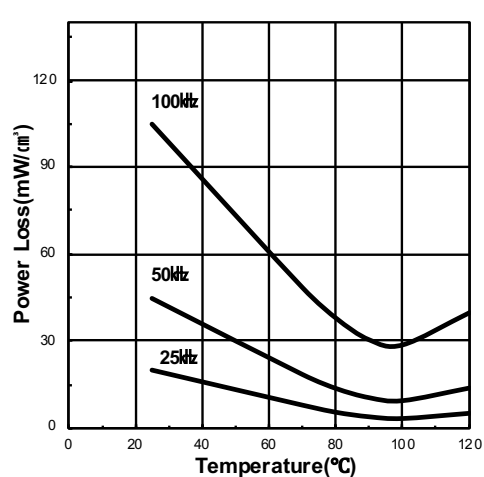
PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_i$ ) vs. TEMPERATURE



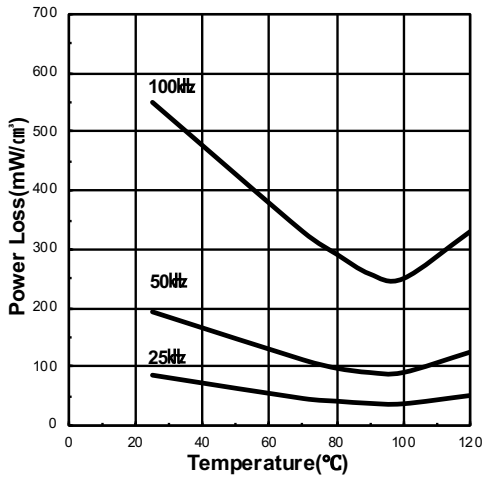
PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_a$ ) vs. FLUX DENSITY(B)



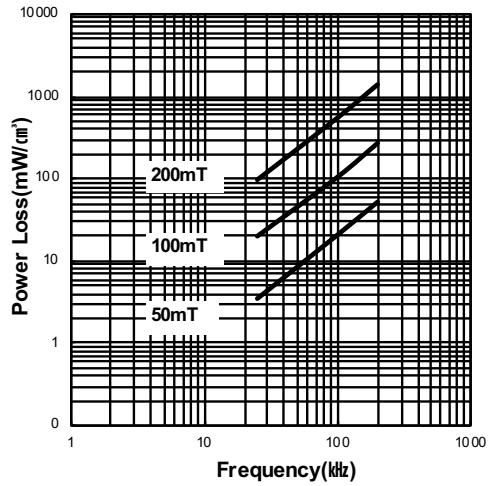
POWER LOSS ( $P_L$ ) vs. TEMPERATURE at 100mT



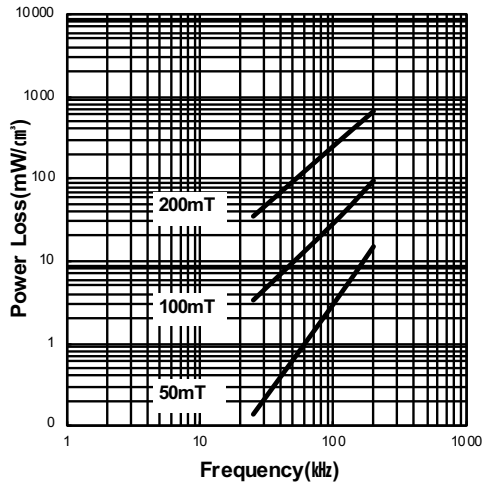
**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE at 200mT**



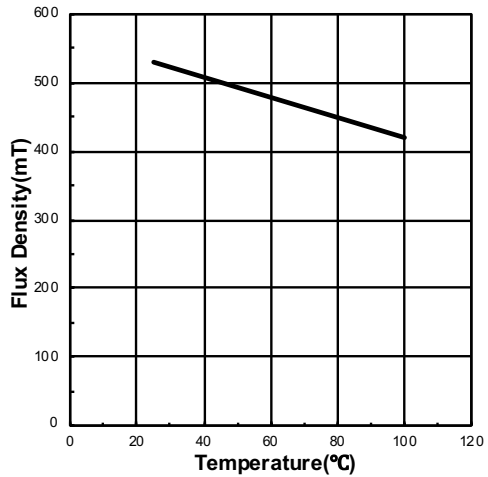
**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY at 25  $^{\circ}C$**



**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY at 100  $^{\circ}C$**

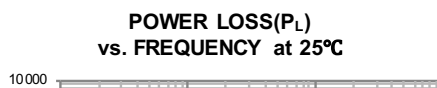
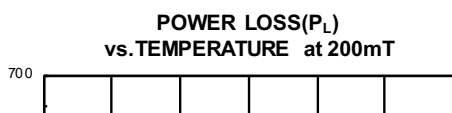
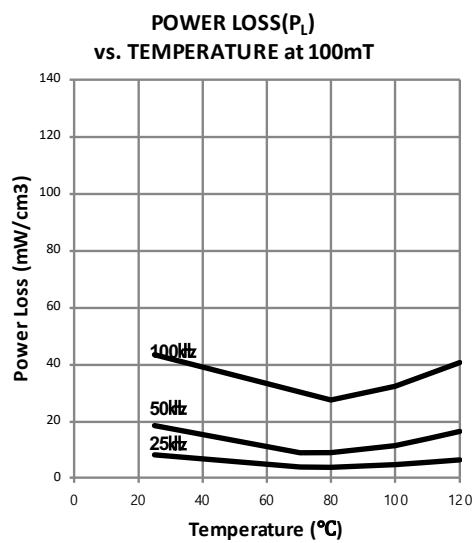
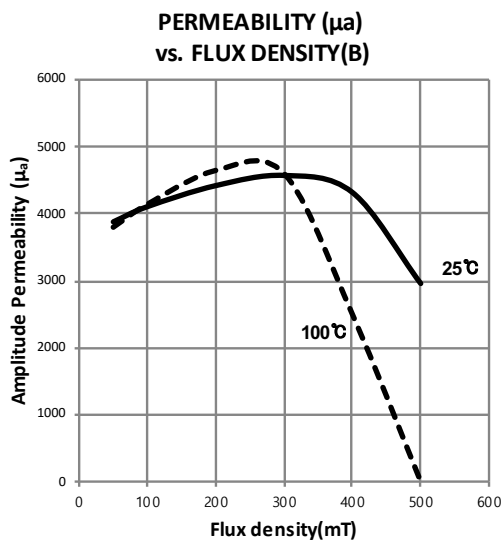
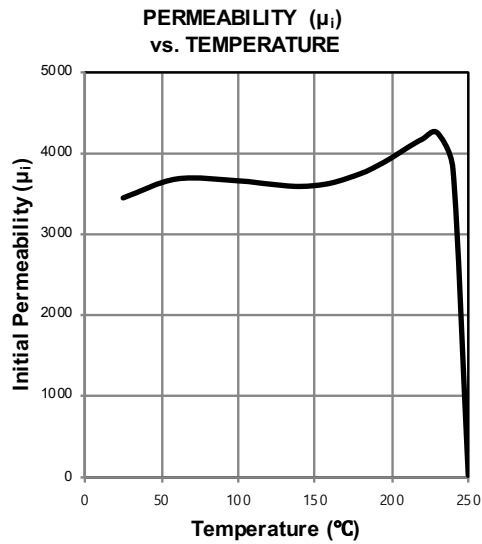
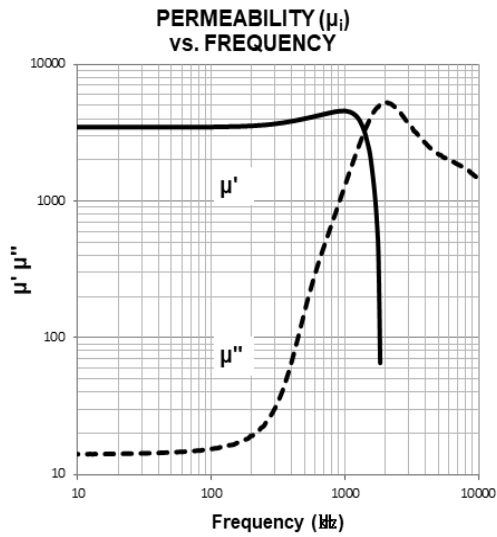


**FLUX DENSITY(B)  
vs. TEMPERATURE**

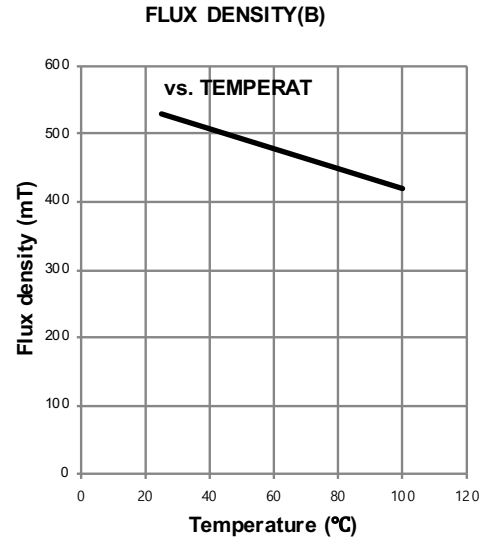
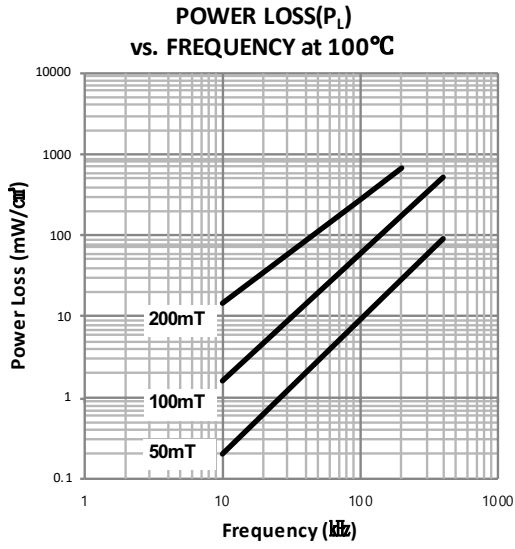
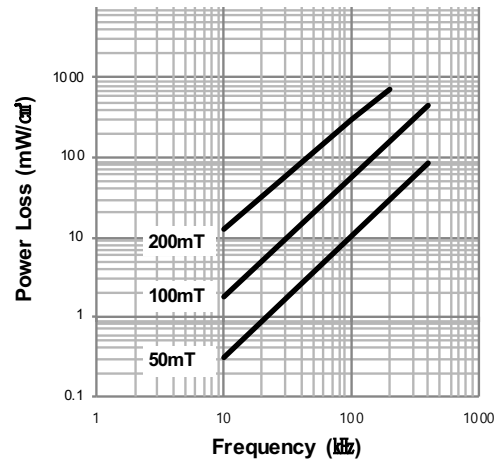
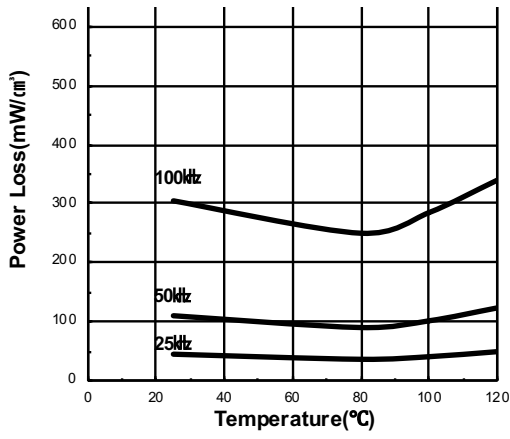


## Material Property

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25°C, $\leq 1\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	3400 $\pm$ 25%
$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=1kHz	530
		H=1200(A/m), 100°C, f=1kHz	420
$H_c$	A/m	25°C, f=1kHz	6
		100°C, f=1kHz	14
$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25°C, f=1kHz	83
$T_c$	°C	-	>230
$f_c$	Mhz	25°C	1.7
$P_L$	mW/cm <sup>3</sup>	100kHz/200mT, 25°C	305
		100kHz/200mT, 80°C	250
$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot m$	-	7
$d$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4900



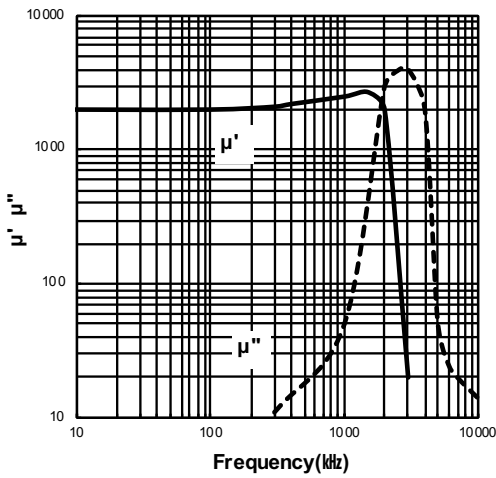




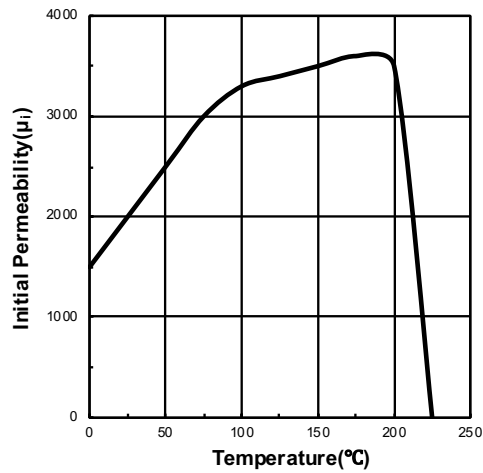
◆ Material Property

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25 °C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	2000 $\pm$ 25%
$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25 °C, f=10kHz	490
		H=1200(A/m), 100 °C, f=10kHz	370
$H_c$	A/m	25 °C, f=10kHz	15
		100 °C, f=10kHz	9
$T_c$	°C	-	>210
$f_c$	MHz	25 °C	2
$P_L$	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	400kHz / 50mT, 25 °C	140
		400kHz / 50mT, 100 °C	110
$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot \text{m}$	-	7
$d$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4570

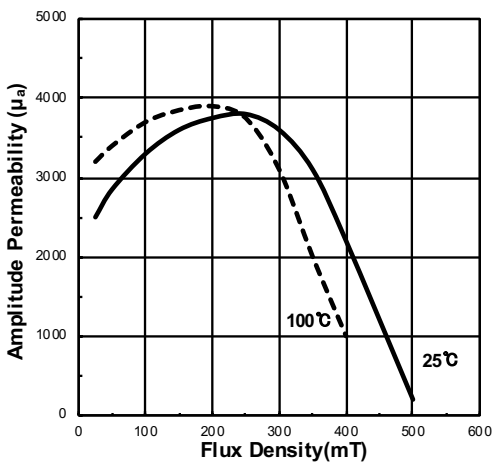
PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_i$ ) vs. FREQUENCY



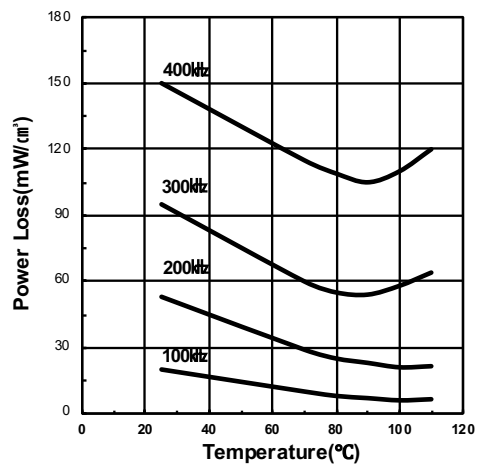
PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_i$ ) vs. TEMPERATURE



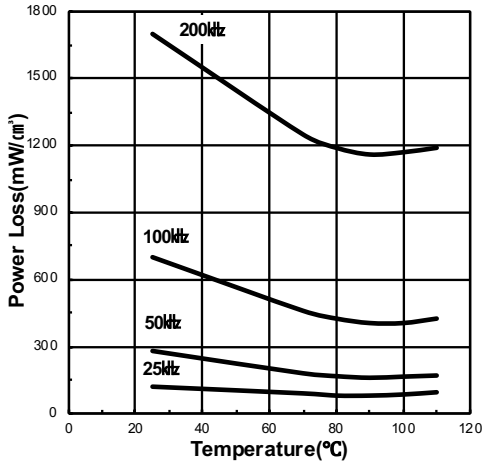
PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_a$ ) vs. FLUX DENSITY(B)



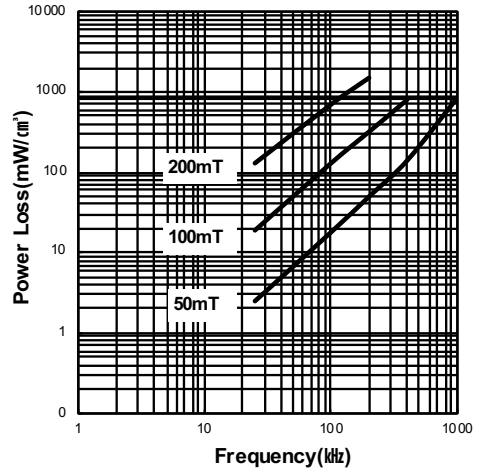
POWER LOSS( $P_L$ ) vs. TEMPERATURE at 50mT



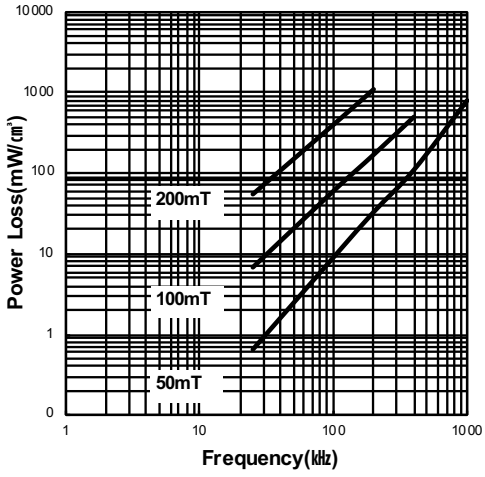
**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE at 200mT**



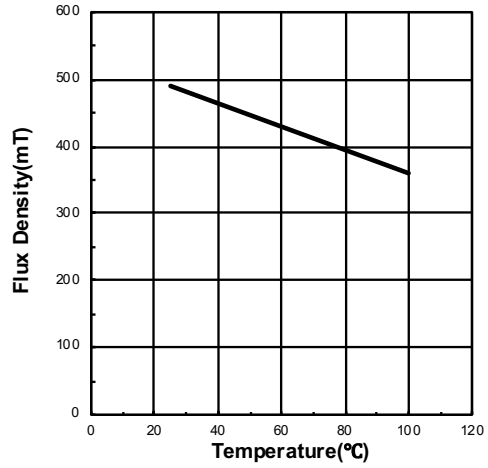
**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY at 25°C**



**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY at 100°C**



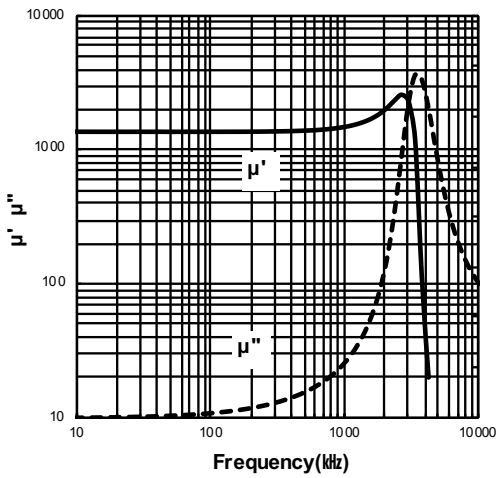
**FLUX DENSITY(B)  
vs. TEMPERATURE**



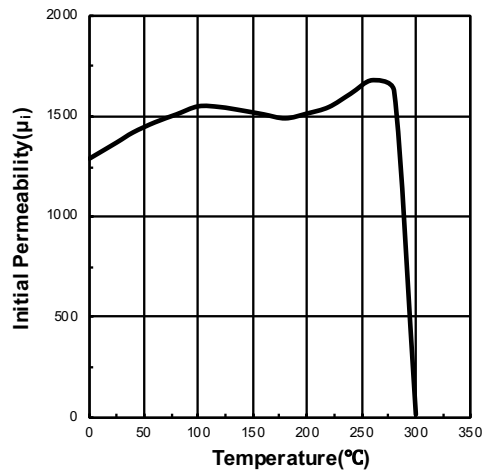
**◆ Material Property**

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25 °C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	1300±25%
$B_s$	mT	H=1200(A/m), 25 °C, f=10kHz	525
		H=1200(A/m), 100 °C, f=10kHz	430
$H_c$	A/m	25 °C, f=10kHz	12
		100 °C, f=10kHz	-
$T_c$	°C	-	>290
$f_c$	MHz	25 °C	3
$P_L$	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	1000kHz / 50mT, 25 °C	330
		1000kHz / 50mT, 100 °C	150
$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot \text{m}$	-	12
$d$	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4800

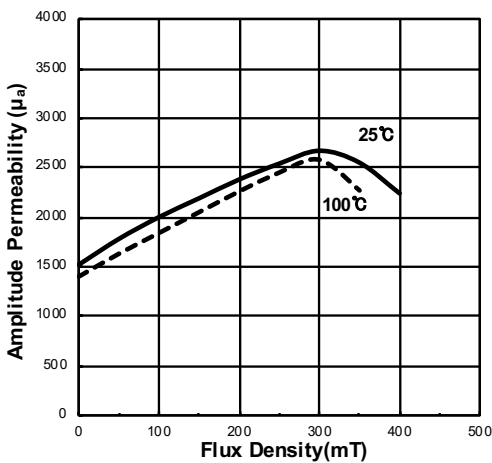
**PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_i$ ) vs. FREQUENCY**



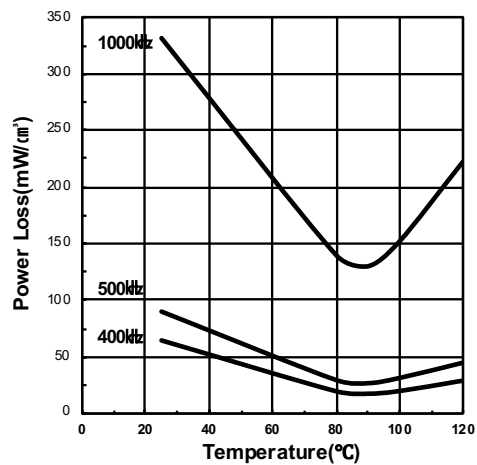
**PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_i$ ) vs. TEMPERATURE**



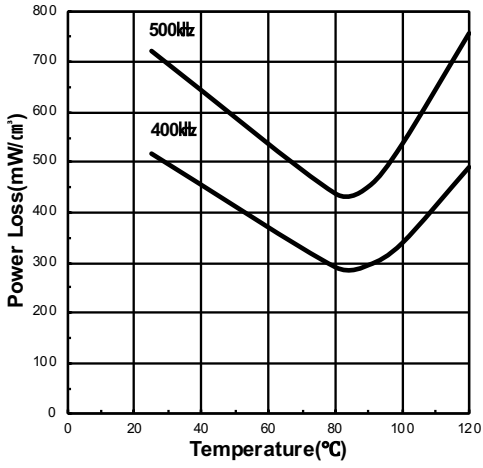
**PERMEABILITY ( $\mu_a$ ) vs. FLUX DENSITY (B)**



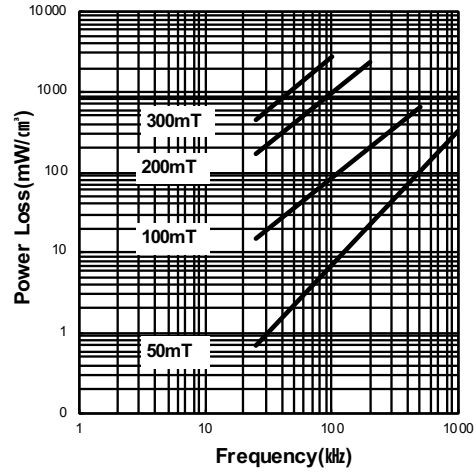
**POWER LOSS ( $P_L$ ) vs. TEMPERATURE at 50mT**



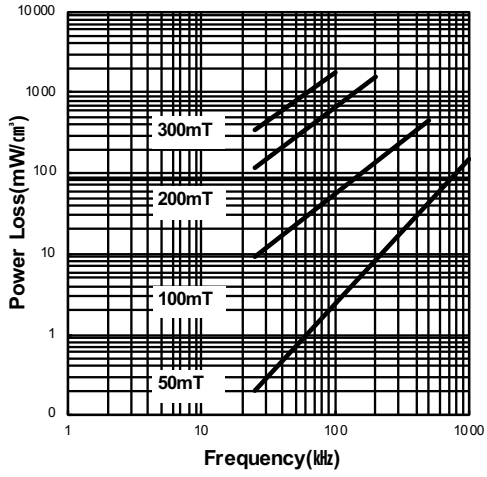
**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE at 100mT**



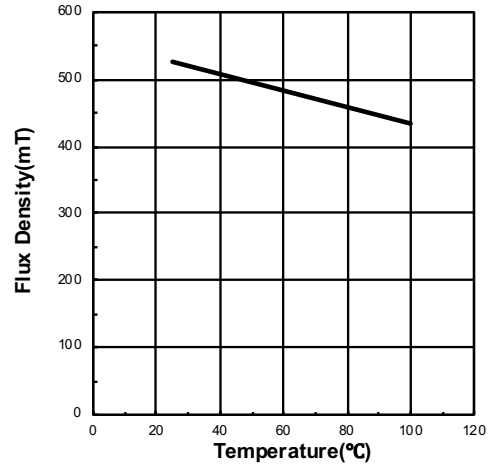
**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY at 25°C**



**POWER LOSS( $P_L$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY at 80°C**



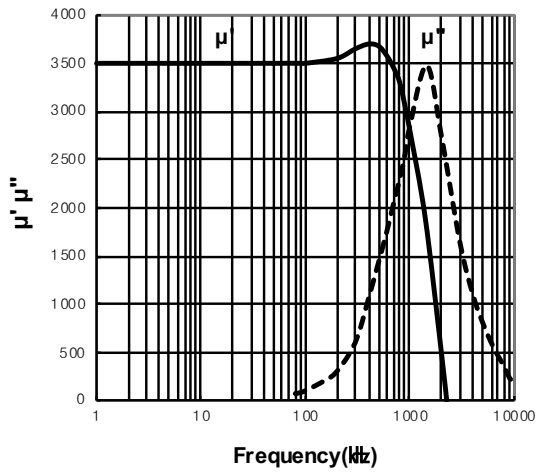
**FLUX DENSITY(B)  
vs. TEMPERATURE**



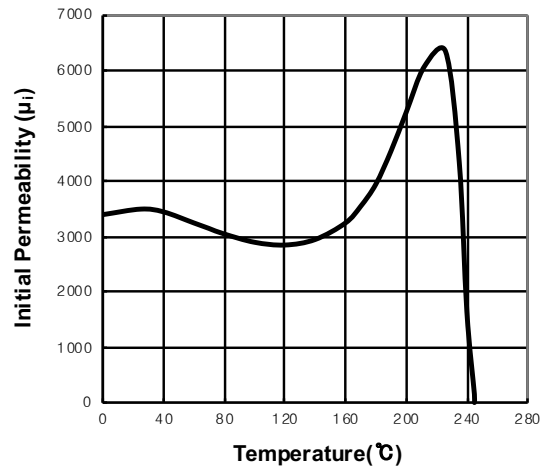
## Material Property

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25°C, $\leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $\leq 1\text{mT}$	3500±25%
$B_s$	mT	H=1194(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	525
		H=1194(A/m), 100°C, f=10kHz	420
$H_c$	A/m	25°C, f=10kHz	12
		100°C, f=10kHz	10
$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1194(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	100
$T_c$	°C	-	> 240
$P_L$	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	100kHz / 200mT, 25°C	410
		100kHz / 200mT, 100°C	850
$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot m$	-	8
d	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4850

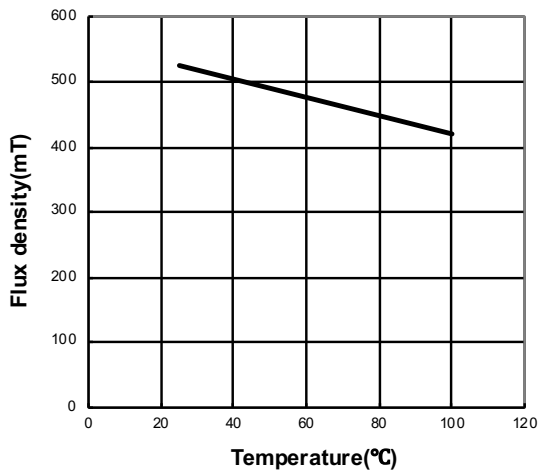
PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ ) vs. FREQUENCY



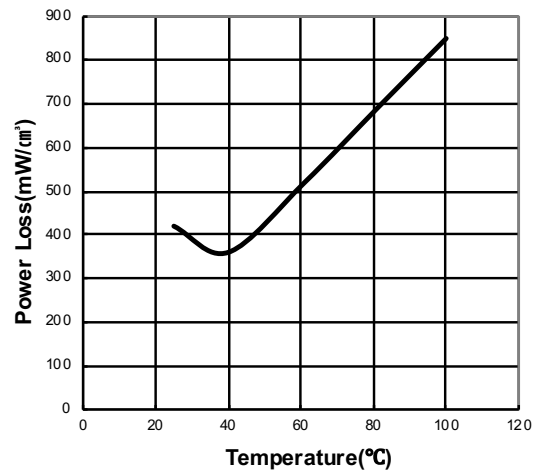
PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ ) vs. TEMPERATURE



FLUX DENSITY( $B_s$ ) at 1194 A/m vs. TEMPERATURE



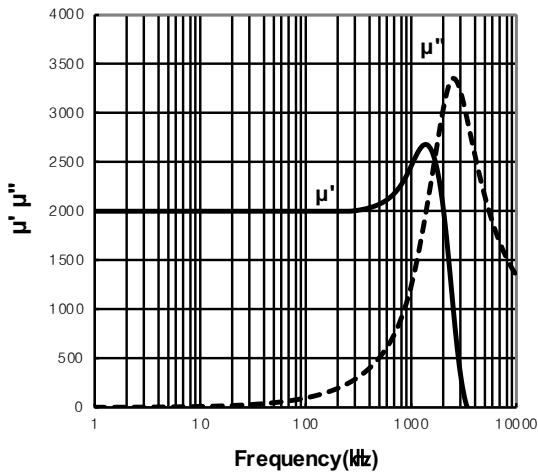
POWER LOSS( $P_L$ ) vs. TEMPERATURE at 100kHz 200mT



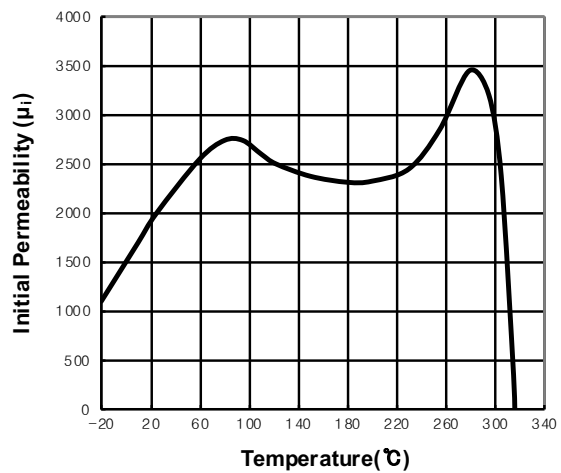
## Material Property

Symbol	Unit	Condition	Value
$\mu_i$	-	25°C, $\leq 10$ kHz, $\leq 1$ mT	2000±25%
$B_s$	mT	H=1194(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	560
		H=1194(A/m), 100°C, f=10kHz	470
$H_c$	A/m	25°C, f=10kHz	16
		100°C, f=10kHz	10
$B_{rms}$	mT	H=1194(A/m), 25°C, f=10kHz	120
$T_c$	°C	-	> 310
$P_L$	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	100kHz / 200mT, 25°C	680
		100kHz / 200mT, 100°C	380
$\rho$	$\Omega \cdot m$	-	7
d	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	4900

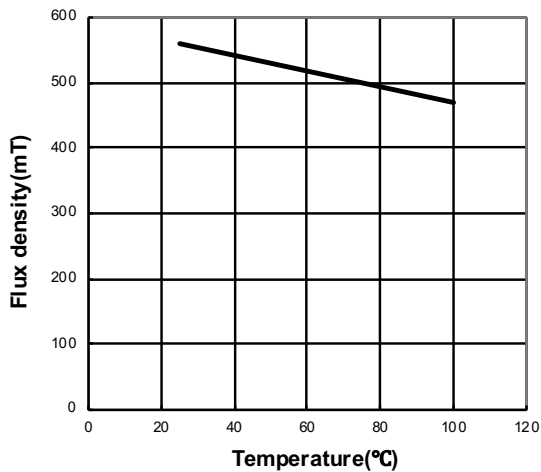
PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. FREQUENCY



PERMEABILITY( $\mu_i$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE



FLUX DENSITY( $B_s$ ) at 1194 A/m  
vs. TEMPERATURE



POWER LOSS( $P_L$ )  
vs. TEMPERATURE at 100kHz 200mT

